

GOVERNMENT OF MEGHALAYA OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE, RI-BHOI DISTRICT, MEGHALAYA



NOTIFICATION

Dated Nongpoh, the 5th May 2025

In exercise of the powers conferred underSection 112(2) of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 by the State Government vide Notification No. TPT.73/2023/75 dated 28th June 2024 r/w Section 54(k) of the Meghalaya Police Act, 2010,the speed limits and other rules and regulations for all categories of motor vehicles plying within the jurisdiction of Ri-Bhoi District is notified as mentioned below.

1. Speed Limit:

Class of vehicles	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum Speed
	Speed Limit	Speed Limit on	LimitatJunctions/Pedestrian
		Curves	crossing
Private Service	80 kmph	40 kmph	20 kmph
Vehicle (Not for Hire)			
Maxicab	60 kmph	40 kmph	20 kmph
(7-12 passengers)			
Motorcab	80 kmph	40 kmph	20 kmph
(0-6 Passengers)			
Omnibus/Educational	80 kmph	40 kmph	20 kmph
Institution Bus			
Heavy Goods Vehicle	60 kmph	30 kmph	20 kmph
Medium Goods	60 kmph	30 kmph	20 kmph
Vehicle			
Light Goods Vehicle	80 kmph	40 kmph	20 kmph
Invalid Carriage	40 kmph	30 kmph	20 kmph
(For Divyangjan)			
Motor Cycle	80 kmph	40 kmph	20 kmph
Tractor	40 kmph	20 kmph	20 kmph
Road Roller	20 kmph	10 kmph	20 kmph
Trailer/ Semi-Trailer/	40 kmph	20 kmph	20 kmph
Side Car			

- **2. Keep Left:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall drive the vehicle as close to the left side of the road as may be expedient and shall allow all traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction to pass on his right-hand side.
- **3. Turning to left:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall, when turning to the left, give directional indicator anddrive as close as maybe to the left-hand side of the road from which he is making the turn and of road which he is entering.
- **4. Turning to right:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall, when turning to the right, give directional indicator and draw as near as maybe to the center of the road along which he is travelling and arrive as near as maybe at the left-hand side of the road which the driver is entering.
- **5. Overtaking:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall pass to the right of all traffic proceeding in the same direction as himself. However, the driver of a motor vehicle may pass to the left of a vehicle if the driver hadindicated an intention to turn to the right.
- **6. Overtaking prohibited in certain cases:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall not pass a vehicle travelling in the same direction as himself:
- if it is likely to cause inconvenience or danger to other traffic proceeding in any direction.
- if the road aheadis notclearly visible.
- if he knows that the driver who is following him has begun to overtakehim.
- if the driver ahead of him has not signaled that he may be overtaken.
- **7. Overtaking not to be obstructed:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall not, when being overtaken or being passed by another vehicle, increase speed or do anything in any way to prevent the other vehicle from passing him.
- **8.** Caution at road junction: The driver of a motor vehicle shall slow down when approaching at a road intersection, a road junction, pedestrian crossing or a roadcorner, and shall not enter any intersection, junction or crossing until he has become aware that he may do so without endangering the safety of people thereon.
- **9. Giving way to traffic at road junction:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall, on entering road intersection at which traffic is not being regulated, if the road entered is a main road designated as such, give way to the vehicles proceeding along that road, and in any other case give way to all traffic approaching the intersection on his right hand.
- 10. Emergency Response Vehicles, Fire service vehicles and Ambulances be given free passage: Every driver shall, on the approach of an emergency response vehicle, fire service vehicle or of an ambulance allow it free passage by drawing to the side of the road.
- 11. Right of way: The pedestrians have the right of way at uncontrolled pedestrian crossings. When any road is provided with footpath or cycle track specially for other traffic,

except with permission of a police officer in uniform, a driver shall not drive on such footpath or track.

- **12. Taking 'U' turn:** No driver shall take a 'U' turn where 'U' turn is specially prohibited and on busy traffic roads. If a 'U' turn is allowed, the driver shall show signal by hand or use directional indicator as for a right turn, watch in the rear-view mirror and turn when safe to do so.
- 13. Parking of the vehicle: Every driver of a motor vehicle parking on any road shall park in such a way that it does not cause or is not likely to cause danger, obstruction or undue inconvenience to other road users and where the manner of parking is indicated by any sign board or markings on the roadside, he shall park his vehicle in such manner. A driver of a motor vehicle shall not park his vehicle:
- at or near a road crossing, a bend, top of a hill or a humpbacked bridge.
- on a footpath.
- > near a traffic light or pedestrian crossing.
- in a main road or one carrying fast traffic.
- poposite another parked vehicle or as obstruction to anothervehicle.
- alongside another parked vehicle.
- on roads where there is a continuous white line with or without a broken line.
- > near a bus stop, school or hospital entrance.
- blocking a traffic sign or entrance to a premises or a fire hydrant;
- > on the wrong side of the road.
- where parking is prohibited. For ex- National Highways.
- way from the edge of the footpath.
- 14. Visibility of lamps and registration marks: All registration and other marks required to be exhibited on a motor vehicle shall at all times be maintained in a clear and legible condition. No load or other goods shall be placed on any motor vehicle so as to mask or otherwise interrupt vision of any lamp, registration mark or other mark required to be carried by or exhibited on any motor vehicle.
- **15. One way traffic:** A driver shall notdrive a motor vehicle on road declared 'One Way' except in the direction specified by sign boards or drive a vehicle in a reverse direction into a road designed 'One Way'.
- **16.** Use of Horns and Silence Zones: A driver of a vehicle shall not
- **>** sound the horn needlessly or continuously or more than necessary to ensure safety.
- > sound the horn in silence zones i.e., near hospitals, schools, etc.
- make use of a cut-out by which exhaust gases are released other than the silencer.
- Fit or use any multitoned horn giving a harsh, shrill, loud or alarming noise.

- drive a vehicle creating undue noise when in motion.
- drive a vehicle with a muffler causing alarming sound.
- 17. Traffic Sign and Traffic Police: A driver of a motor vehicle and every other person using the road shall obeyevery direction given, whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer or any authorised person for the time being in-charge of the regulation of traffic.
 - **18. Distance from vehicles in front:** The driver of a motor vehicle moving behind another vehicle shall keep at a sufficient distance from that other vehicle to avoid collision if the vehicle in front should suddenly slow down or stop.
 - **19. Abrupt brake:** No driver of a vehicle shall apply brake abruptly unless it is necessary to do so for safety reasons.
 - **20. Vehicles to the uphill to be given precedence:** On mountain roads and steep roads, the driver of a motor vehicle travelling downhill shall give precedence to a vehicle going uphill wherever the road is not sufficiently wide to allow the vehicles to pass freely without danger, stop the vehicle to the side of the road to allow any vehicle proceeding uphill to pass.
 - **21. Obstruction of driver:** A driver of a motor vehicle shall not allow the person to stand or sit or be placed in such a manner or position as to hamper his control of the vehicle.
 - **22. Speed to be restricted:** The driver of a motor vehicle shall, when passing or meeting a procession or a body of troops or police on the march or when passingworkman engaged on road repair, drive at a speed not more than 25 kmph.
 - **23. Projections of loads:** No person shall drive in any public place, any motor vehicle which is loaded in a manner likely to cause danger to any person in such a manner that the road or any part thereof or anything extends laterally beyond the side of the body or to the front or to rear or at height beyond the permissible limit.
 - **24. Restriction to carriage of dangerous substances:** Except for the fuel and lubricants necessary for the use of the vehicle, no explosive, highly inflammable or otherwise dangerous substance, shall be carried on any public service vehicle.
 - **25. Restrictions on driving backwards:** No driver of a motor vehicle shall cause the vehicle to be driven backwards without first satisfying himself that he will not thereby cause danger or undue inconvenience to any person or in any circumstances, for any greater distance or period than may be reasonably necessary to turn the vehicle round.

Any violation shall entail legal proceedings under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 and other applicable laws.

Memo No. RBD/TR-10/2025/658

Dated Nongpoh, the 5thMay 2025

Copy for favour of kind information and necessary action, if any, to:

- 1. The Assistant Inspector General of Police, (A), Meghalaya, Shillong for kind information to the Director General of Police, Meghalaya, Shillong.
- 2. The Inspector General of Police, (SB/Border), Meghalaya, Shillong.
- 3. The Deputy Inspectors General of Police, (ER)/(CID)/(A), Meghalaya, Shillong.
- 4. The District & Sessions Judge, Ri-Bhoi District, Nongpoh.
- 5. The Deputy Commissioner, Ri-Bhoi District, Nongpoh.
- 6. The District Transport Officer, Ri-Bhoi District, Nongpoh. For enforcement accordingly.
- 7. All Heads of Department, Ri-Bhoi District, Nongpoh. For directions to the drivers accordingly.
- 8. The Project Director, PIU-Guwahati, National Highways Authority of India, Guwahati.
- 9. All GOs/CIs/OCs/ICs, Ri-Bhoi DEF, Nongpoh. For enforcement accordingly.

Sr. Superintendent of Police, Ri-Bhoi District, Nongpoh.
